



Week 11. The role of Kinship among indigenous communities



Who are the indigenous people?

Examples of Indigenous People



Sammi
(Sweden, Finland,
Norway, and Denmark)



First Nations and Métis
(Canada)



Native Americans
(United States)



Maasai
(East Africa)



Kurds
(Western Asia)



Maori
(New Zealand)

25-90%
10-25%
5-10%
3-5%
2-3%
1-2%
0-1%

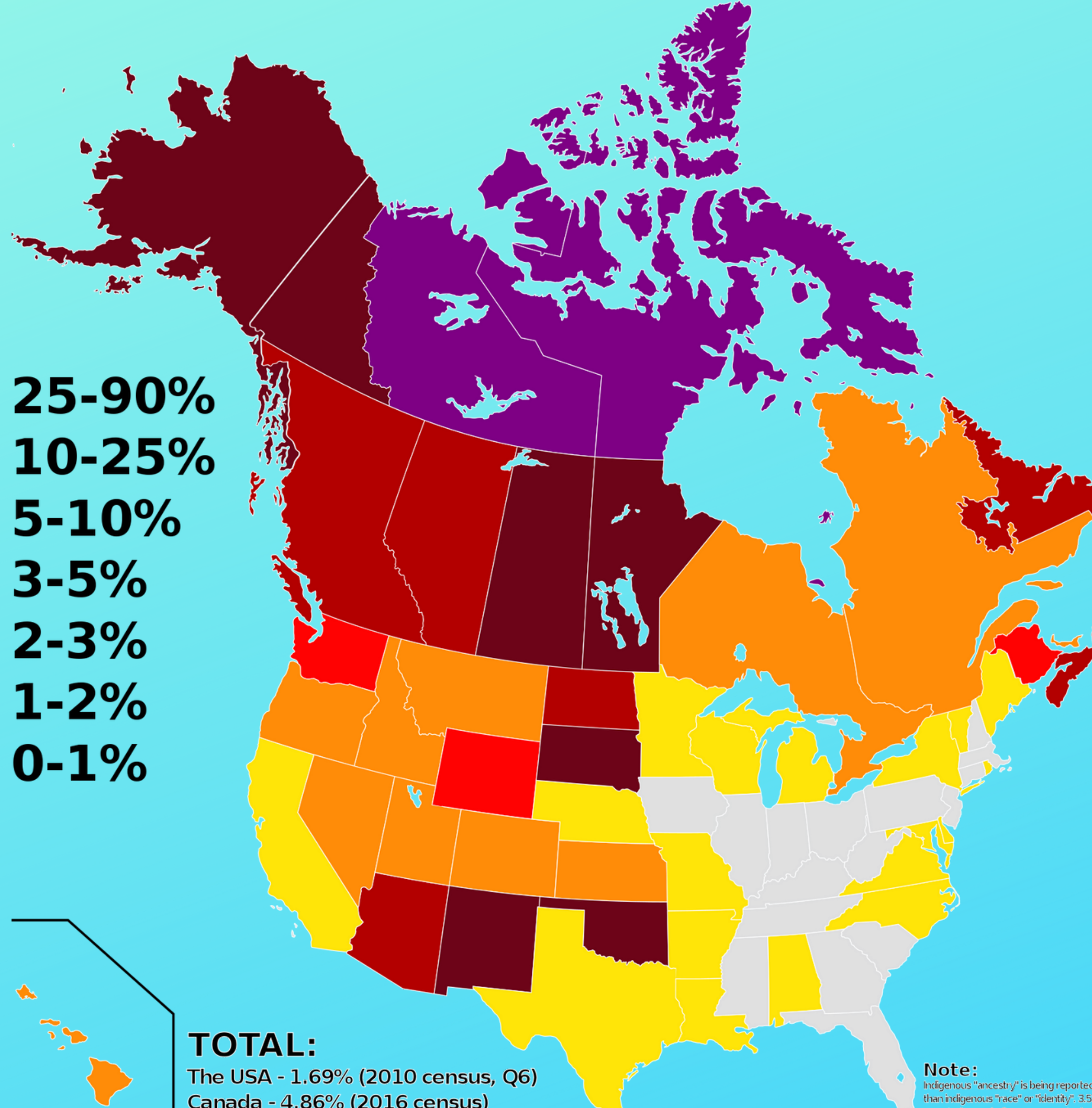


TOTAL:

The USA - 1.69% (2010 census, Q6)
Canada - 4.86% (2016 census)

Note:

Indigenous "ancestry" is being reported 1
than indigenous "race" or "identity". 3.53'
reported some indigenous ancestry in 15
Canadians in 2016.





Indigenous Peoples are distinct social and cultural groups that share collective ancestral ties to the lands and natural resources where they live, occupy or from which they have been displaced.

<https://www.worldbank.org/en/topic/indigenouspeoples>

There are an estimated 476 million Indigenous Peoples worldwide. Although they make up just 6 percent of the global population, they account for about 19 percent of the extreme poor.

Indigenous Peoples' life expectancy is up to 20 years lower than the life expectancy of non-indigenous people worldwide.

While Indigenous Peoples own, occupy, or use a quarter of the world's surface area, they safeguard 80 percent of the world's remaining biodiversity.

Globalizing economy:

The search for new mineral resources has displaced native peoples in China, Cambodia, Canada, and elsewhere.

2021 - Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation, and Justice in Environmental matters in Latin America and the Caribbean (Escazú Agreement)

2007 - United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP)

2016 - the American Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples

1991 - the Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention.

At the same time, global institutional mechanisms have been created to promote Indigenous people's rights, such as the United Nations Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues (UNPFII), the Expert Mechanism on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (EMRIP), and the UN Special Rapporteur on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNSR).

Rights of Indigenous people internationally and locally



As of the 2021 census, Indigenous peoples in Canada totaled 1,807,250 people, or 5.0% of the national population, with 1,048,405 First Nations people, 624,220 Métis, and 70,540 Inuit.

7.7% of the population under the age of 14 are of Indigenous descent.

Constitution Act of Canada of 1982, "Aboriginal peoples of Canada" includes First Nations, Inuit, and Métis peoples.

Aboriginal peoples is a legal term encompassing all Indigenous peoples living in Canada

Rights of indigenous people in the USA

<https://www.oas.org/en/sare/documents/DecAmIND.pdf>

Bronisław Malinowski, (1884-1942) one of the most important anthropologists of the 20th century who is widely recognized as a founder of social anthropology and principally associated with field studies of the peoples of Oceania.

In 1915-1918 the research in Trobriand Islands When he moved to the nearby Trobriand Islands

In 1938 Malinowski went on sabbatical leave to the United States and started to learn the Indian paboriginal people of Mexico



The social structure is based on matrilineal clans that control land and resources. People participate in the regional circuit of exchange of shells called kula, sailing to visit trade partners on seagoing canoes.

The Trobriand Islanders are a civilization of people that live on the Trobriand Islands, mainly on the islands of Kiriwina, Kaileuna, Kitava, and Vakuta, which are located off the East tip of Papua New Guinea in the Solomon Sea.

**Kinship of Trobriand
islanders**





The argonauts of South Pacific 1922

<https://video.alexanderstreet.com/watch/the-trobriand-islanders-of-papua-new-guinea?context=channel:disappearing-world>

Language

The Trobriand peoples speak Kilivila, though various different dialects of it are spoken amongst each different tribe. It is an Austronesian language, although has the distinction of having a complex system for classifying nouns.

Marriage

Sexual interaction at 8-10 y.o.

Marriageable age at 8-15 y.o. for
both genders

After one year of living together,
the couple will eat separately

References

Matrilinieal society in Trobriand islands

<https://www.ipl.org/essay/Matrilineal-Society-In-The-Trobriand-Island-F3WE8SKRJ48R>